

High-performance Silicon-doped Metal Oxide Thin Film Transistor for Next Generation Power-saving Flexible Electronics

Keywords : Low-temperature processable amorphous In-Si-O TFT

Background

Indium oxide (InO_x)-based semiconductors are particularly attractive for use as switching elements in thin-film transistors (TFTs) for high-definition flat panel displays. This is because InO_x -based semiconductors have a high electron mobility originating from the direct overlap of the isotropic s orbitals of In atoms. To stabilize the TFT characteristics by controlling the creation of oxygen vacancy (V_O), an oxygen binding dopant is the crucial in the thin film. Here, we tried to control creation of V_O to realize the high performance TFT.

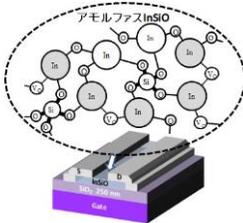
Aim

We have developed promising material for oxide thin film transistor to produce a next generation power-saving flat display. Our Si-doped metal oxide TFT (SiM-OxTFT) behaves as a very stable and high-performance TFT with highly suppressed off-state current.

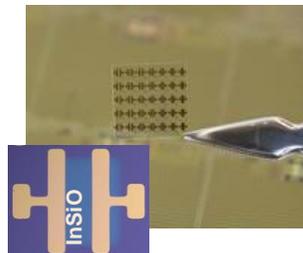
Advanced Research Topics

As for pixel switching TFT in the flat panel display, amorphous silicon or poly-silicon film has been customarily used. But because of serious large off-state current in the current TFTs, a new TFT is strongly desired to realize a low-power consumption system. Furthermore, higher mobility of TFT than the amorphous silicon is needed to present high resolution contents. Amorphous metal oxide thin-film transistor (a-OxTFT) is a possible candidate as the post silicon TFTs. Although the InGaZnO film is one of the candidates of the a-OxTFT, however, the InGaZnO is very unstable film in actual production. The electric property of the film is a very sensitive to oxygen absorption or desorption at the bonding sites adjacent to Zn atoms.

We discovered that the electric stability of the TFT is determined by the bond-dissociation energy of the dopant element in InO_x film. By incorporating the dopant with higher bond-dissociation energy, such as Silicon atom, the film suppresses thermal active vacancy in the film. The basic property of our original InSiO -OxTFT has exceeded that of current commercial production TFTs.



Schematic of a-InSiO TFT with schematic image of vacancy suppression in an a-InSiO film by incorporating SiO_2 .



Microscope image of TFT array fabricated in our research.

Publications

- 1) S.Aikawa, P.Darmawan, K.Yanagisawa, T.Nabatame, Y.Abe, K.Tsukagoshi: Applied Physics Letters 102 (2013) 102101.
- 2) N.Mitoma, S.Aikawa, X.Gao, T.Kizu, M.Shimizu, M.-F. Lin, T.Nabatame, K.Tsukagoshi: Applied Physics Letters 104 (2014) 102103.
- 3) S.Aikawa, N.Mitoma, T.Kizu, X.Gao, M.-F.Lin, T.Nabatame, K.Tsukagoshi: Applied Physics Letters 106 (2015) 1921103.

Summary

- Flat panel displays in next generation highly developed information society. High-resolution TV, computer display, smartphone, information panel, etc.
- US20160056409 (Toshihide Nabatame, Kazuhito Tsukagoshi, Shinya Aikawa) .

Research outcome

- Further development of property control of SiM-OxTFT to adjust it into the applications.



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