

Low loss optical coupling structure between two ends of silica glass optical fibers by inserting TeO₂ melt



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Background Contents

Background

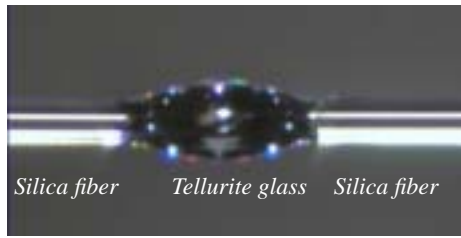
Why such a structure is needed?

Fabrication

How did I make it? Isn't it fragile?

Insertion loss

Can the light go through it?



Silica fiber Tellurite glass Silica fiber
 $l \sim 0.5 \text{ mm} \rightarrow v \sim 0.007 \text{ mm}^3 = 7 \text{ nl}$

Background Conclusions

Background

Expected to add an active function into passive waveguide

Fabrication

Can join silica fibers regardless of poor thermal stability

Insertion loss

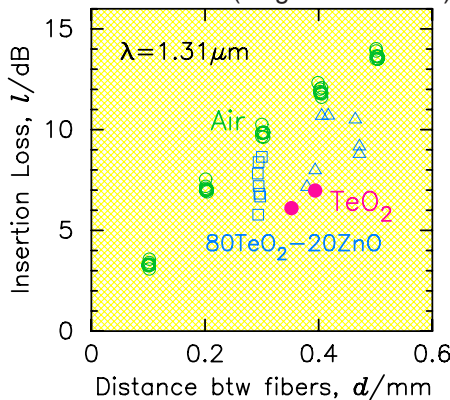
$> 7.5 \text{ dB} \Rightarrow < 1.5 \text{ dB}$ with TEC fibers, $l \sim 0.5 \text{ mm}$

Background Answer to the 1st Q.↑

- Connecting to optical waveguides is the last one step for practical use.
- Soft glasses exhibit attractive properties, but it's hard to make good waveguide.
- This can be solved by this method to make "Hetero-junction" in glass.

Background What's already done?

Insertion loss with SMF (single mode fiber)

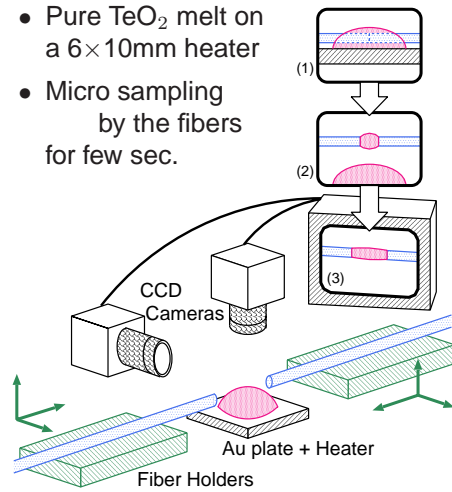


- Large loss value
∴ Lack of waveguide structure[1,2]

FYI Tellurite glass as active device

- Realized devices:
 - Acousto-optics device (as bulk)
 - Er-doped fiber amp. (as host)
 - Raman fiber amp.
- Expected:
 - Non-linear optics
 - high-refractive-index host for micro-cavities

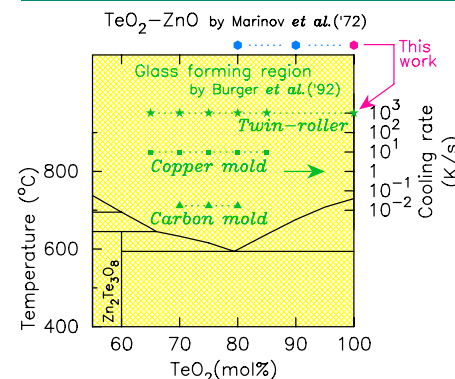
Fabrication Apparatus



Fabrication Is it precipitates-free?

- Not yet checked by XRD, but...
 - ✓ same as 80TeO₂-20ZnO
 - ✓ the bending test
- ⇒ **No harmful precipitates** for optical applications [2]

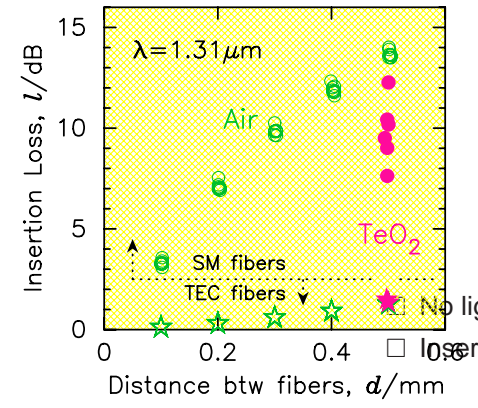
Fabrication Cooling rate is very high



Fabrication Here we used TEC Fibers

- SM (single mode) Core: 10 μmφ
- TEC (Thermal-diffusion Expanded Core) Core: 30 μmφ

Insertion loss Loss: SM vs. TEC



Fresnel Reflection 0.35 dB
Coupling Loss + ... ~ 1 dB
Total: ★ 1.33 dB

Advantages TeO₂ into silica fibers

- single component glass
- non-hygroscopic
- short melting time prevents volatilization problems

Another conclusion

Now we achieved **FTTG** (Fiber To The Glass).
Let's make the glass **something active!**

[1] S. Todoroki, A. Nukui, and S. Inoue, *J. Ceram. Soc. Jpn.*, vol. 110, no. 5, pp. 476-478, 2002.
[2] S. Todoroki, A. Nukui, and S. Inoue, *SPIE Proceedings*, vol. 5061, pp. 50-58, 2003.
[3] S. Todoroki and S. Inoue, *J. Non-Cryst. Solids*, vol. 328, pp. 237-240, 2003.